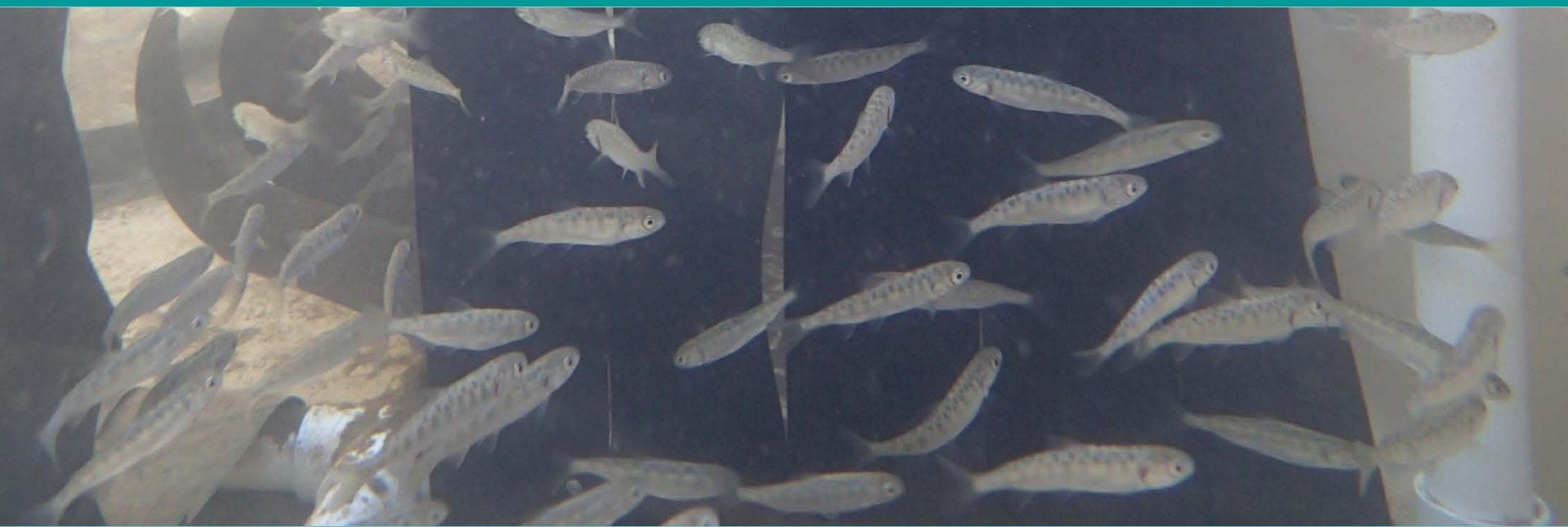


DEVELOPING AND DELIVERING WILD FISH SURROGATE CHINOOK SALMON AND STEELHEAD TROUT



Karen Cogliati, David Noakes, Carl Schreck, Cameron Sharpe



ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

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Funding:

Army Corps of Engineers

THE SURROGATE PROJECT

Goal:

Rear and deliver surrogate fish to researchers

Objectives:

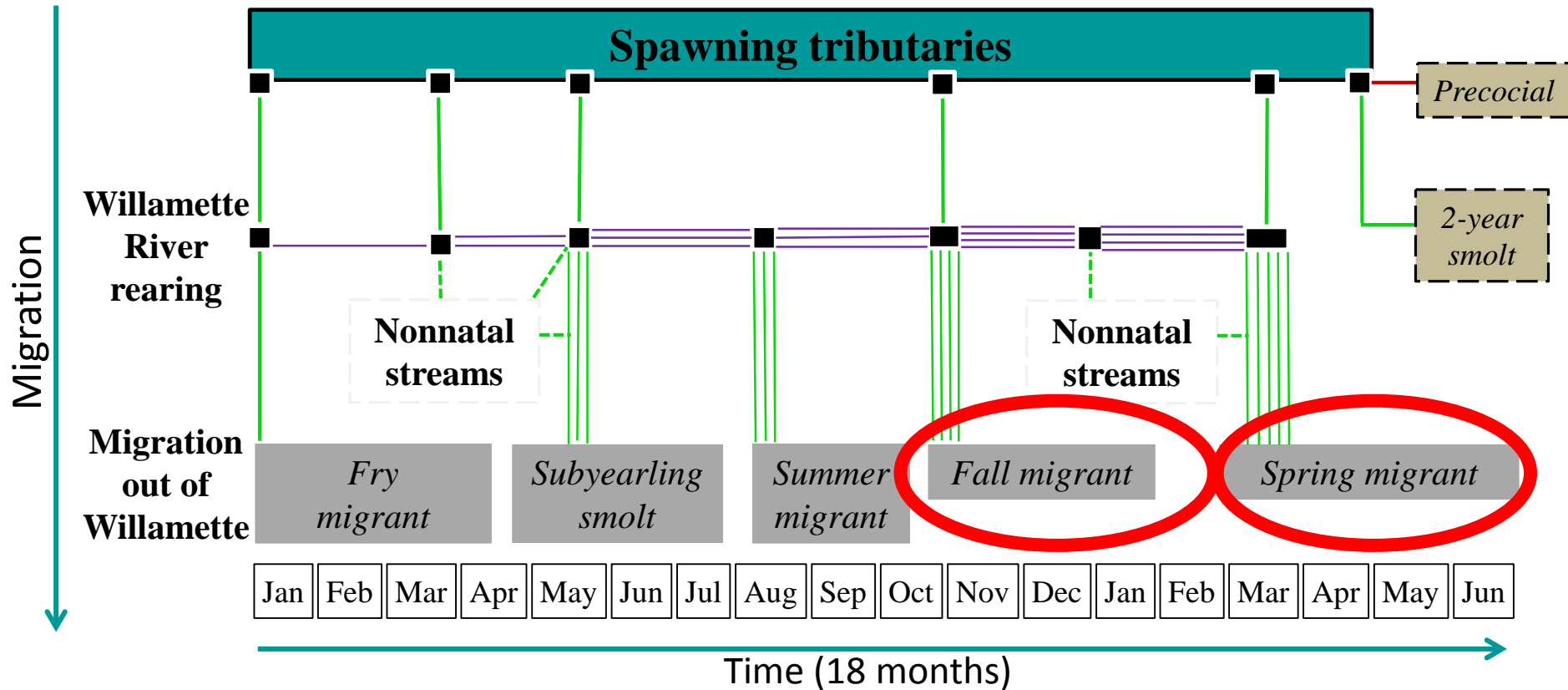
1. Develop rearing protocols that produce more wild-like fish
2. Establish criteria to evaluate the quality and phenotypic accuracy of our surrogates
3. Describe phenotypes of naturally-reared fish to establish target phenotypes
4. Describe phenotypes of hatchery-reared fish to determine the effects of conventional hatchery protocols on phenotypes

WILD FISH SURROGATES

- Juveniles reared in artificial environments that emulate specific wild phenotypes
 - Spring Chinook salmon
 - Winter steelhead trout



JUVENILE CHINOOK SALMON LIFE HISTORIES



- Threshold or decision points
- Migration downstream
- Rearing

WILLAMETTE VALLEY PROJECT DAMS

- Barrier to fish movement
- Studies evaluating juvenile movement to and through WVP dams
- ESA listed salmon and steelhead



STEP 1: ORDER FISH

~~amazon~~



STEP 1: ORDER FISH

~~amazon~~



STEP 1: COORDINATE FISH NEEDS

- Key players
 - USACOE project leaders
 - RME researchers
 - ODFW field researchers
 - ODFW hatcheries



STEP 1: COORDINATE WITH RESEARCHERS

- Planning 1-2 years in advance of fish needs
 - Rear from eyed-egg or green egg stages
- Information required from researchers:
 - Brood stock
 - Brood year
 - Time of release
 - Target size at release

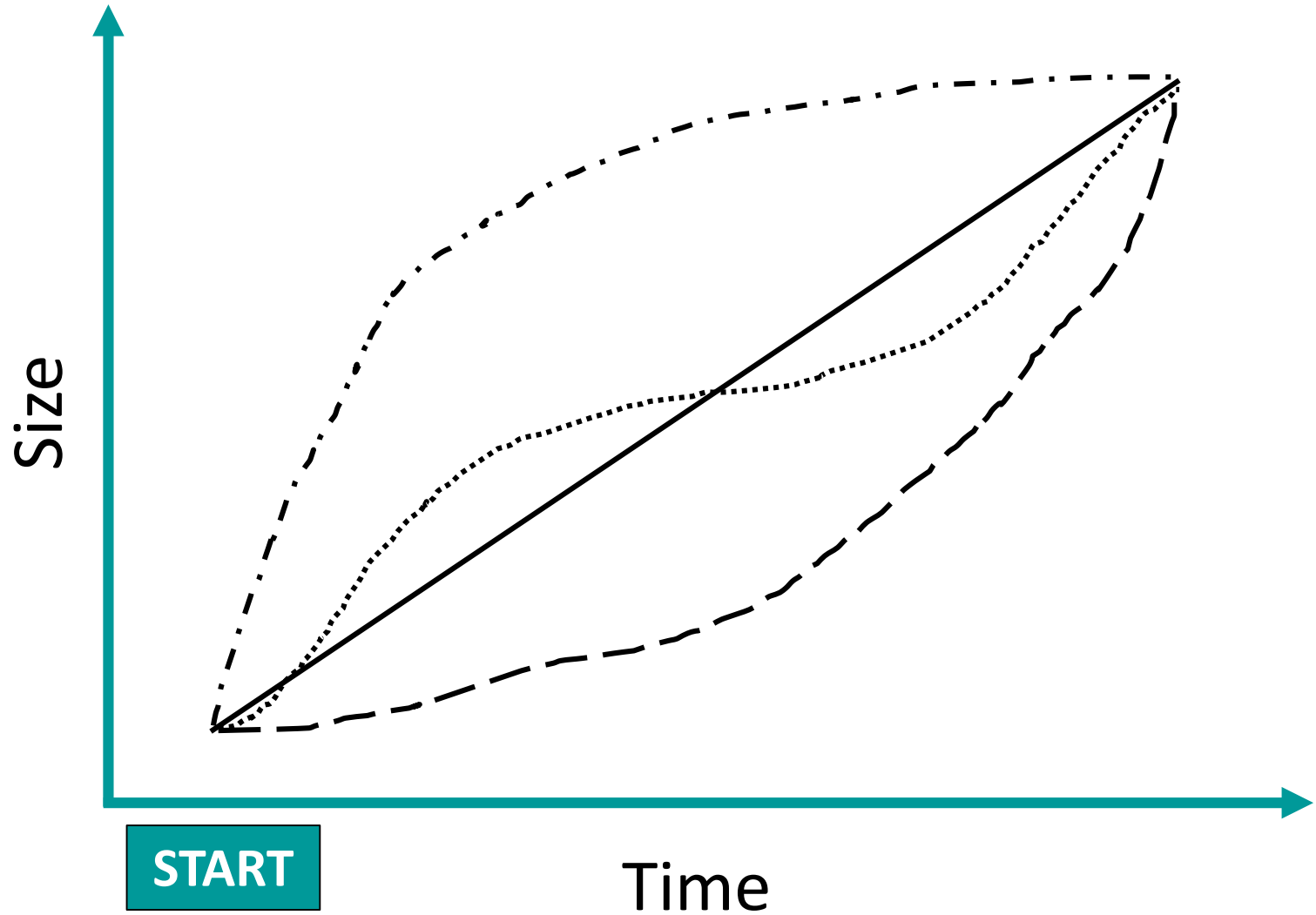


STEP 1: COORDINATE WITH RESEARCHERS

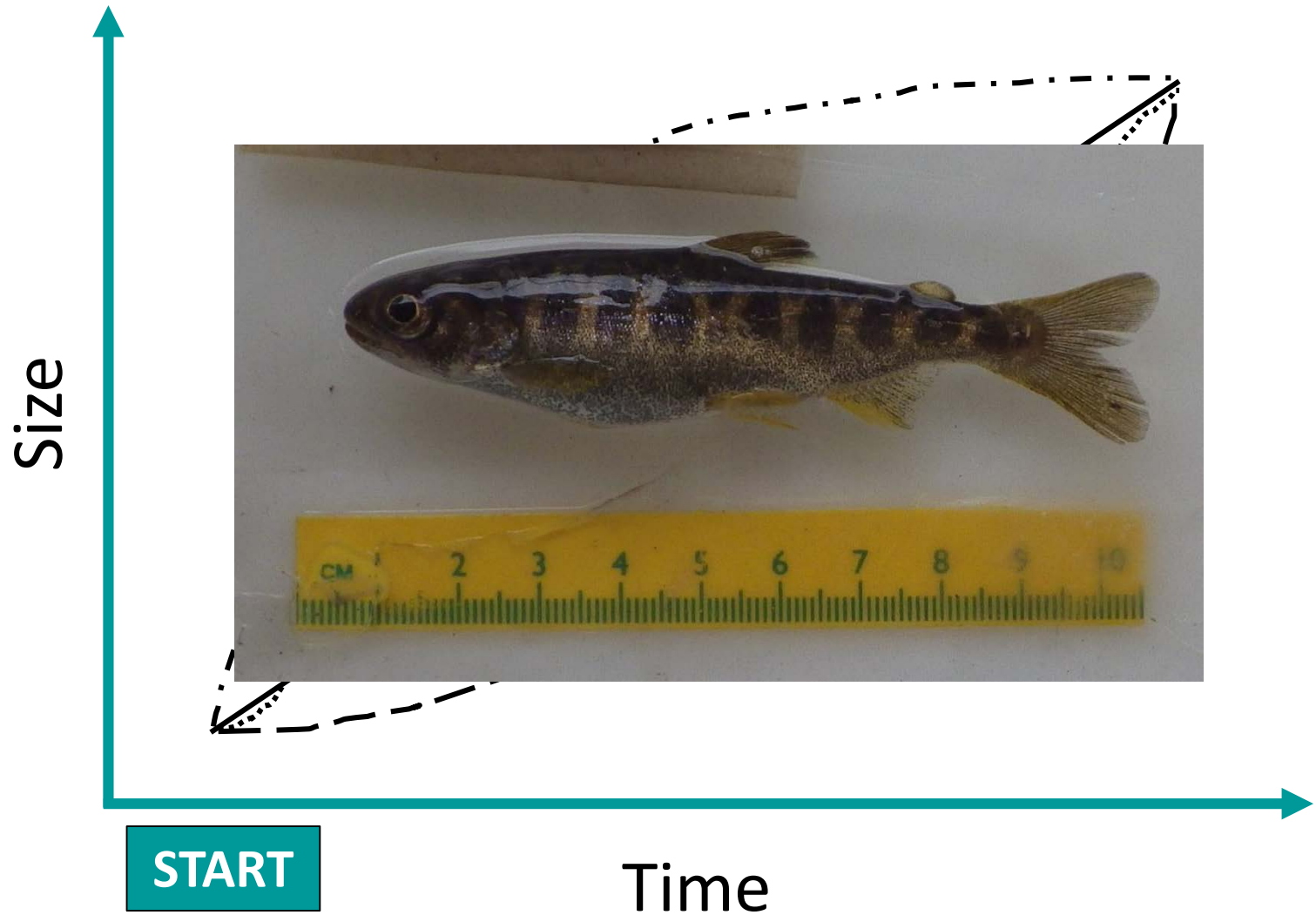
- Planning 1-2 years in advance of fish needs
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- Information required from researchers:
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 - **Time of release**
 - **Target size at release**



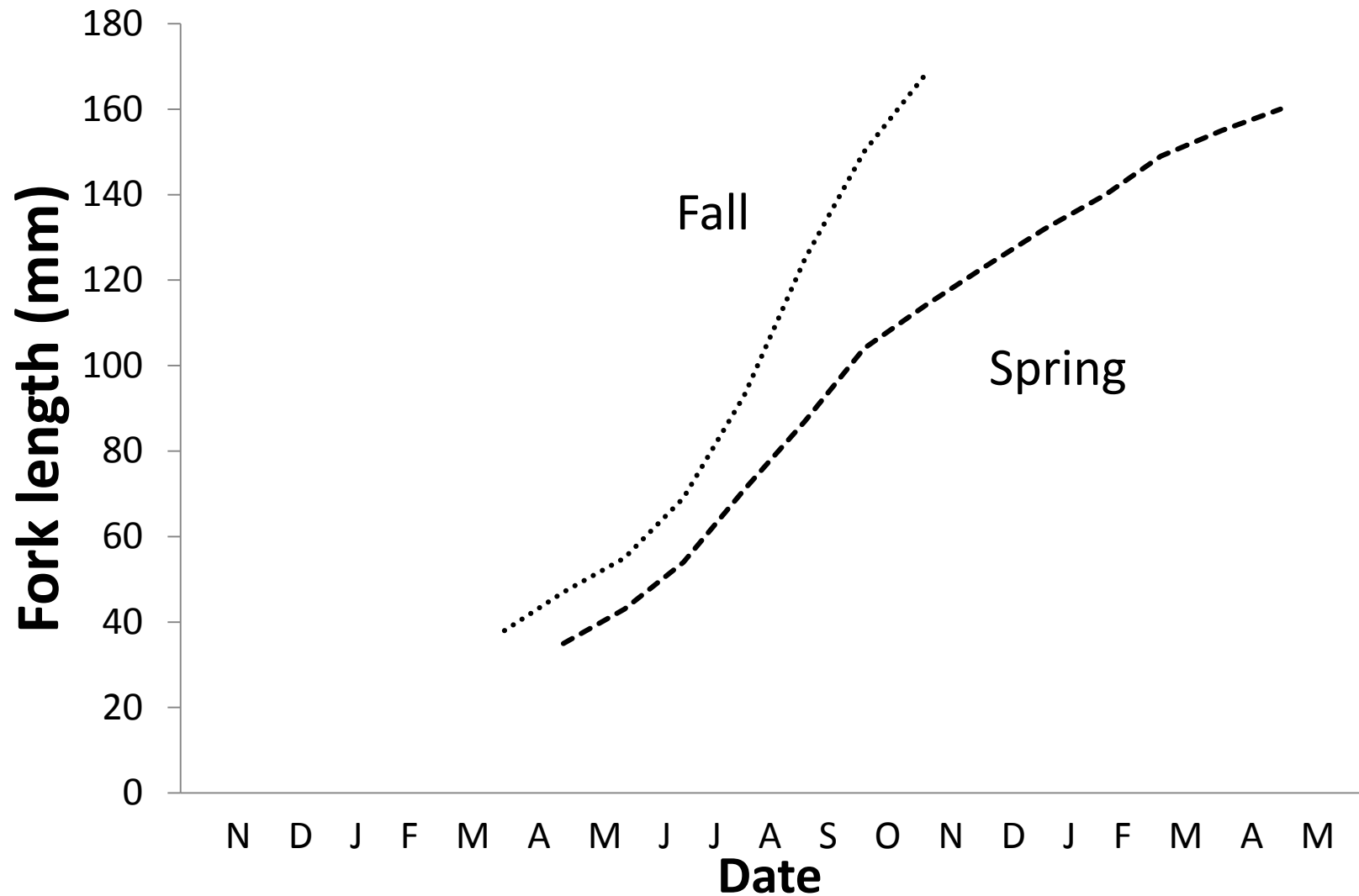
TARGET SIZE AND TIME



TARGET SIZE AND TIME



CHINOOK SALMON GROWTH TRAJECTORIES



ALTERED REARING ENVIRONMENT

Diet



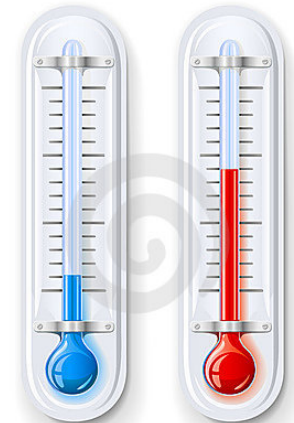
Density



Tank environment



Temperature



CHINOOK SALMON 2015 DELIVERIES

Location	Brood Year	Target type	# fish	Status
Cougar	13	Yearling	500	Pit tagged and picked up March 2015
Foster	13	Yearling	800	4 deliveries from Feb to Apr
Cougar	14	Sub-yearling	500	Pit tagged and picked up June 2015
Cougar	14	Sub-yearling	500	Delivered Sept 2015
Cougar	14	Sub-yearling	500	Pit tagged and picked up Sept 2015
Foster	14	Sub-yearling	1350	RT and PIT tagged at FPGL Oct 2015



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CHINOOK SALMON UPCOMING DELIVERIES

Location	Brood Year	Deliverable type	#	Target date	Target size (mm)
Cougar	14	Yearling	500	Feb 2016	140
Foster	14	Yearling	750	Feb-Apr 2016	210
Green Peter	14	Yearling	500	May 2016	210
Cougar	15	Sub-yearling	1,500	June 2016	75
Cougar	15	Yearling	1,500	Spring 2017	140
Foster	15	Sub-yearling	1,350	Oct 2016	200
Foster	15	Yearling	1,000	Spring 2017	210
Lookout Point	15	Sub-yearling	300	Fall 2016	200
Lookout Point	15	Yearling	1,000	Spring 2017	210



WINTER STEELHEAD 2015 DELIVERIES

Location	Brood Year	Target type	# fish	Status
Foster	13	2-yr smolt	900	4 deliveries from Feb to Apr
Foster	14	Yearling	100	Moved from OHRC to FPGL for RT and PIT tagging Oct 2015
Detroit	14	Yearling	21,620	Moved to Marion Forks Dec 2014 for Fall 2015 release
Detroit	15	Yearling	28,800	Delivered to Marion Forks Dec 2015 for Fall 2016 release



WINTER STEELHEAD UPCOMING DELIVERIES

Location	Brood Year	Deliverable type	#	Target date	Target size (mm)
Foster	14	2-yr smolt	800	Feb-Apr 2016	180
Green Peter	14	2-yr smolt	500	May 2016	180
Foster	15	Yearling	150	Fall 2016	140
Detroit	15	Yearling	28,000	Fall 2016	140
Foster	15	2-yr smolt	1,000	Spring 2017	180
Detroit	15	2-yr smolt	1,500	Spring 2017	180



STEP 1: COORDINATE WITH RESEARCHERS



STEP 1: COORDINATE WITH RESEARCHERS

Sometimes fish needs change...

- Fish numbers
- Change in request time
- Target sizes



STEP 1: COORDINATE WITH RESEARCHERS

We try to prepare for changes in requests

More advanced
notice

=

Better able to
adapt to change



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ESTABLISHING TARGET PHENOTYPES



MORPHOLOGICAL COMPARISONS

Hatchery



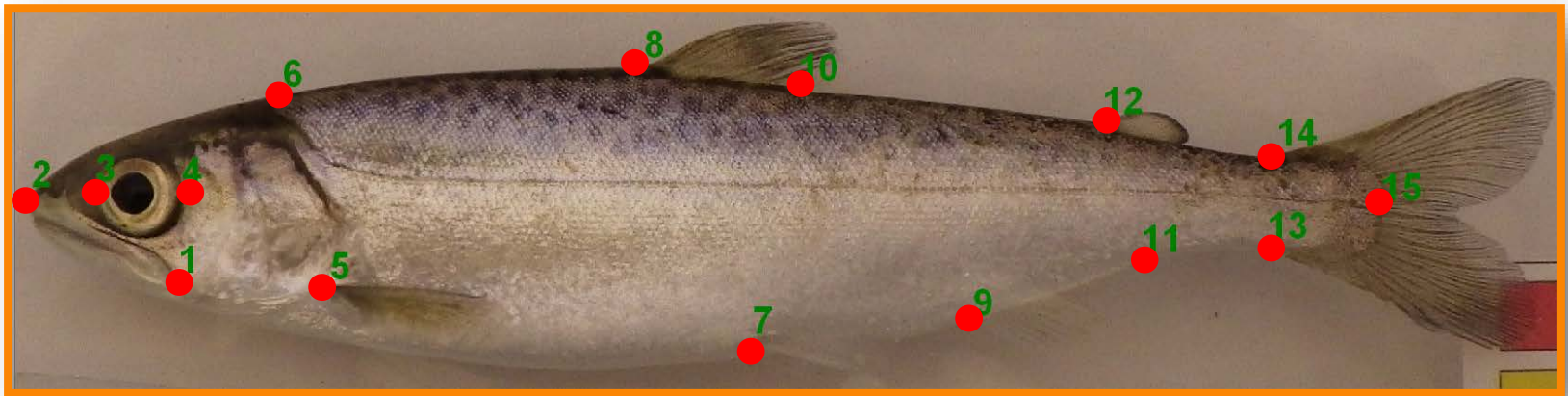
Wild



Photos are to scale

MORPHOLOGICAL COMPARISONS

- Landmark-based geometric morphometrics



MORPHOLOGICAL COMPARISONS

Hatchery



Wild



Photos are to scale

MORPHOLOGICAL COMPARISONS

Hatchery



Surrogate



Wild



Photos are to scale

MORPHOLOGICAL COMPARISONS

Hatchery



Surrogate

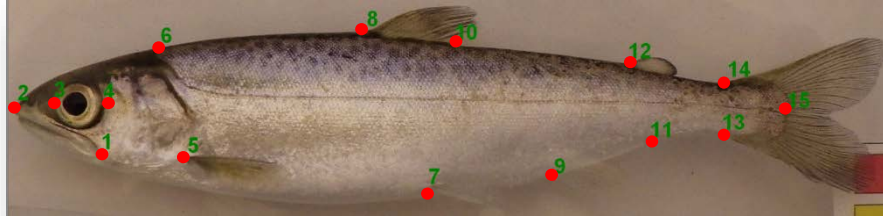


Wild



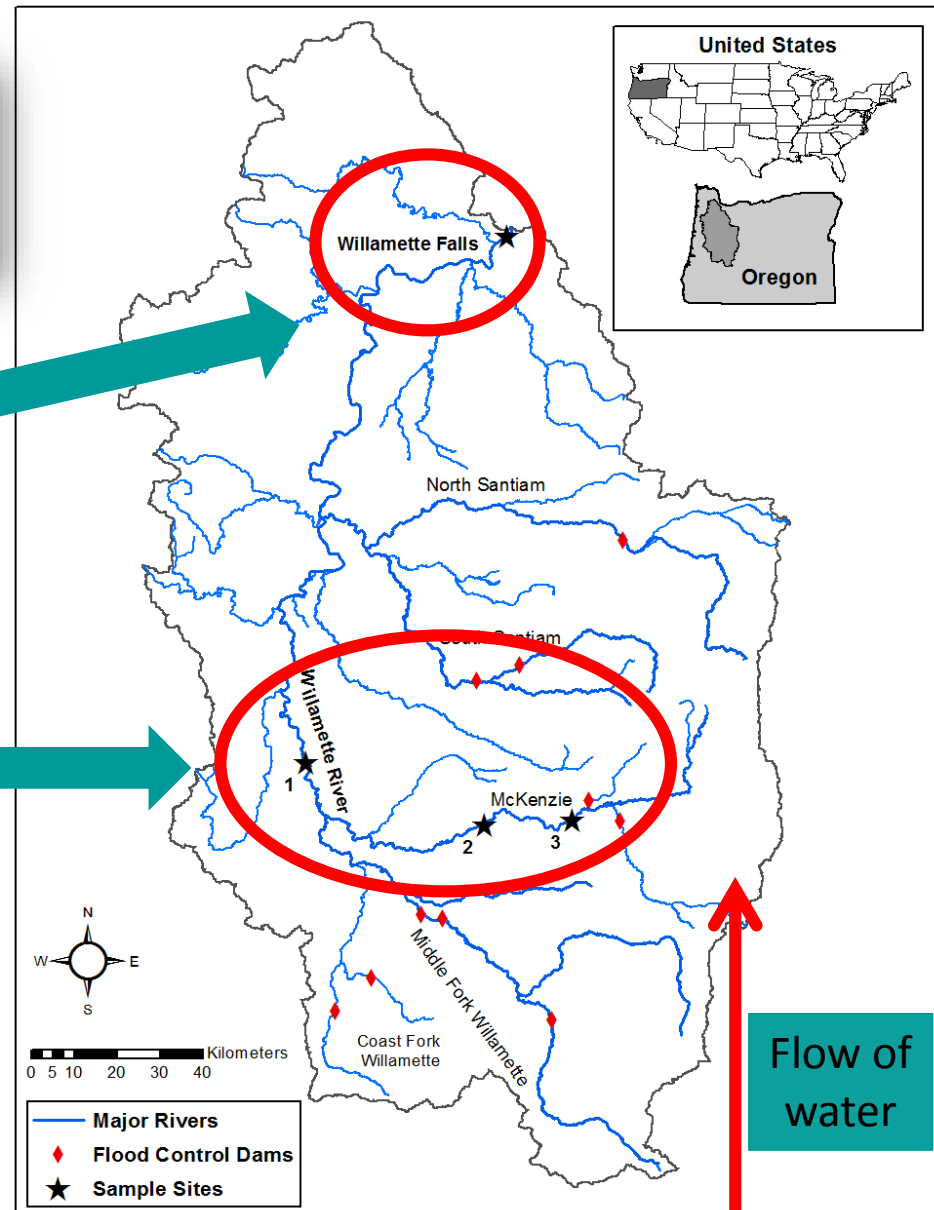
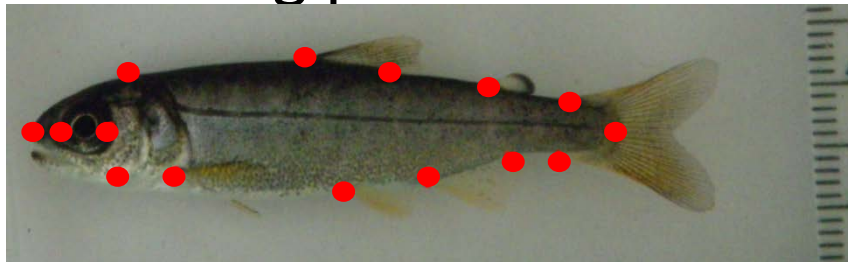
Photos are to scale

WILD MIGRANT MORPHOLOGY

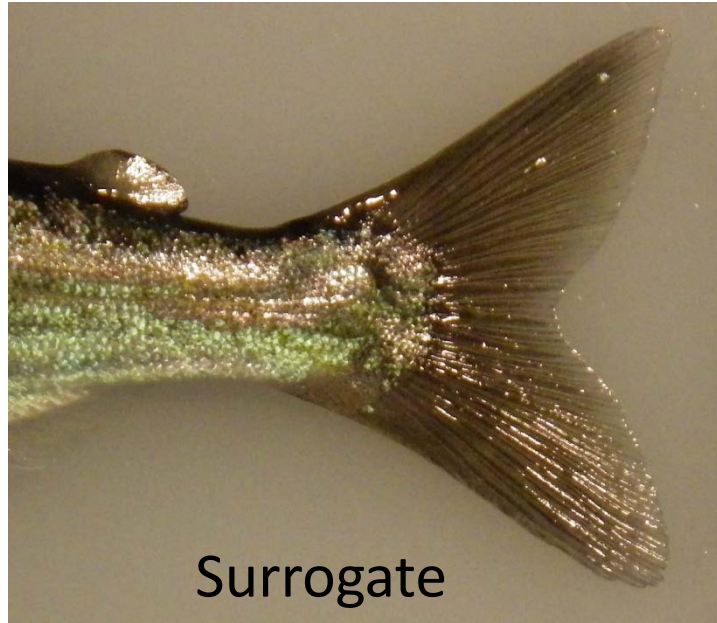


Fall or spring migrants

Tributary and mainstem rearing parr



FIN QUALITY

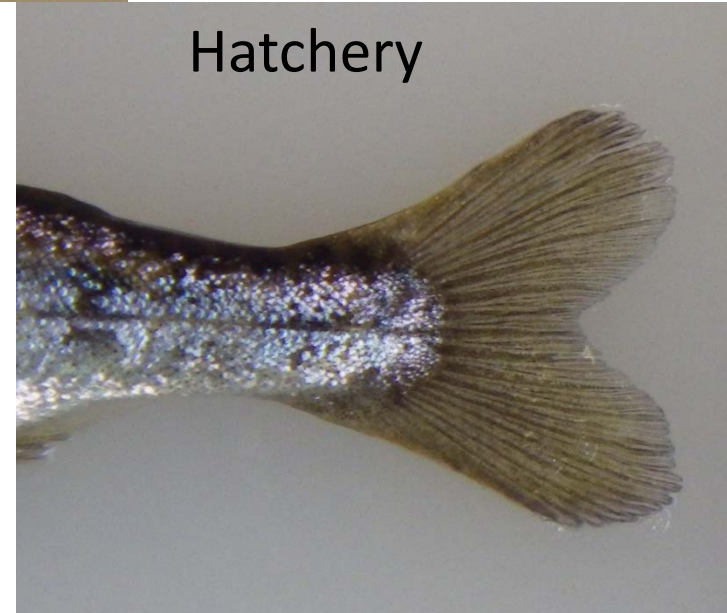


Surrogate

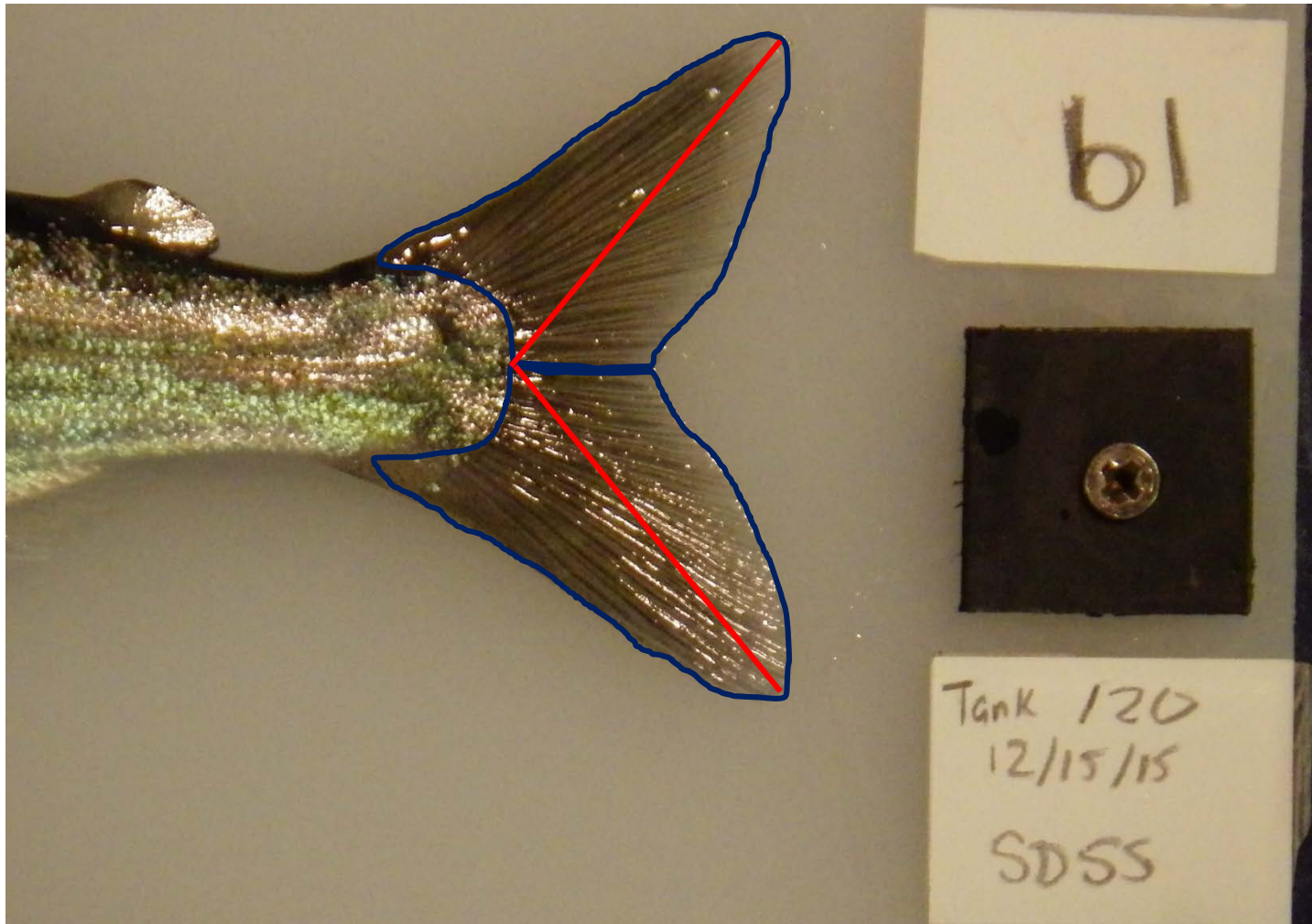
OHRC Stream



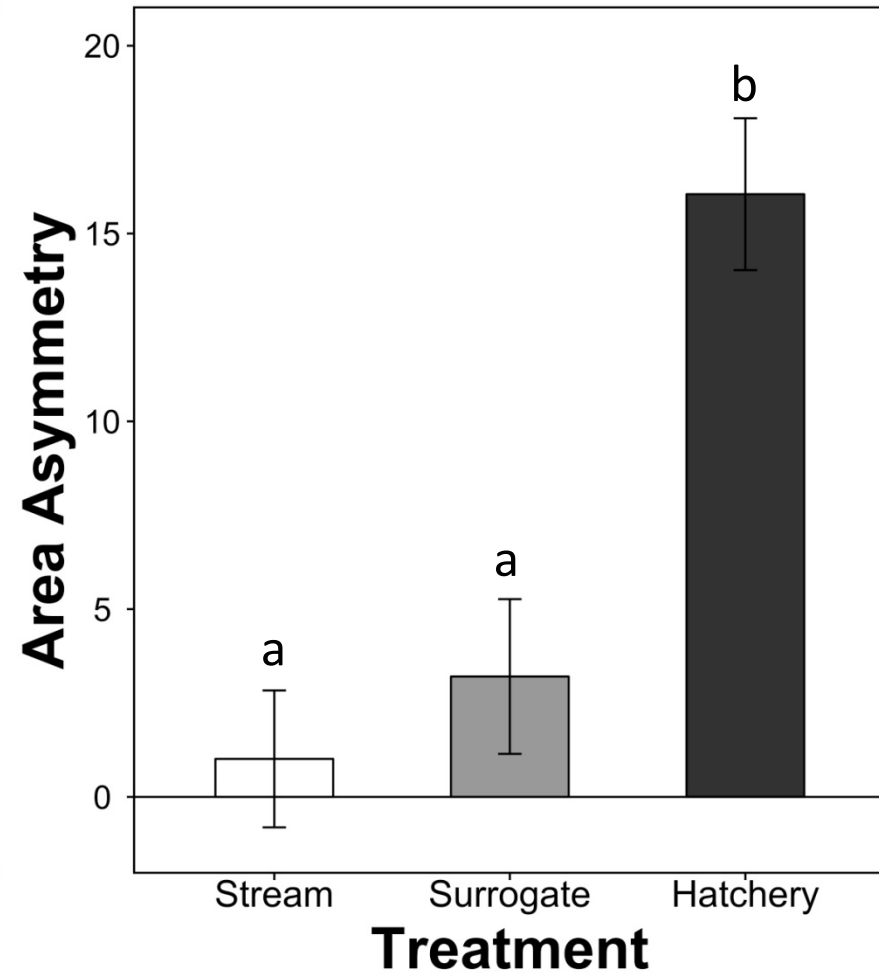
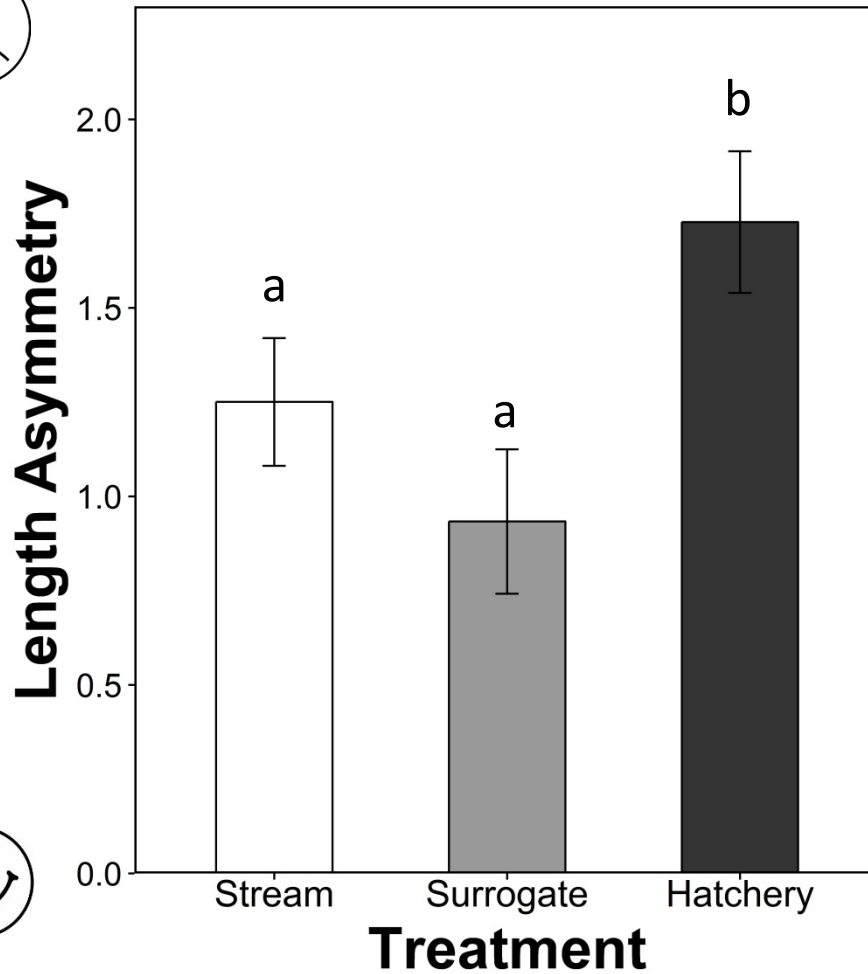
Hatchery



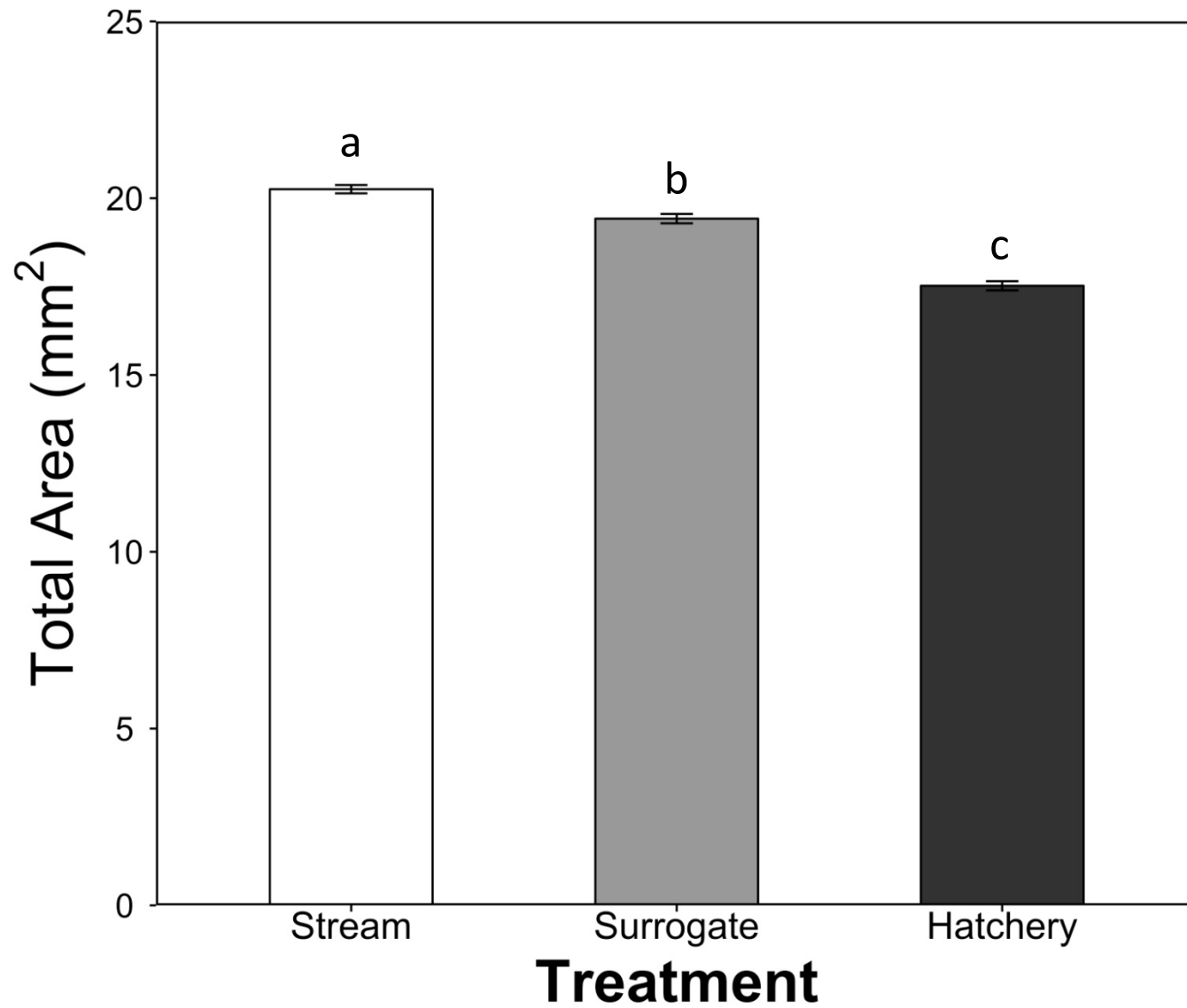
FIN QUALITY - METHODS



FIN QUALITY



FIN QUALITY



HIGH QUALITY SURROGATES

Wild Chinook salmon migrant



Surrogate wild Chinook salmon migrant



WHAT ABOUT THE FISH?



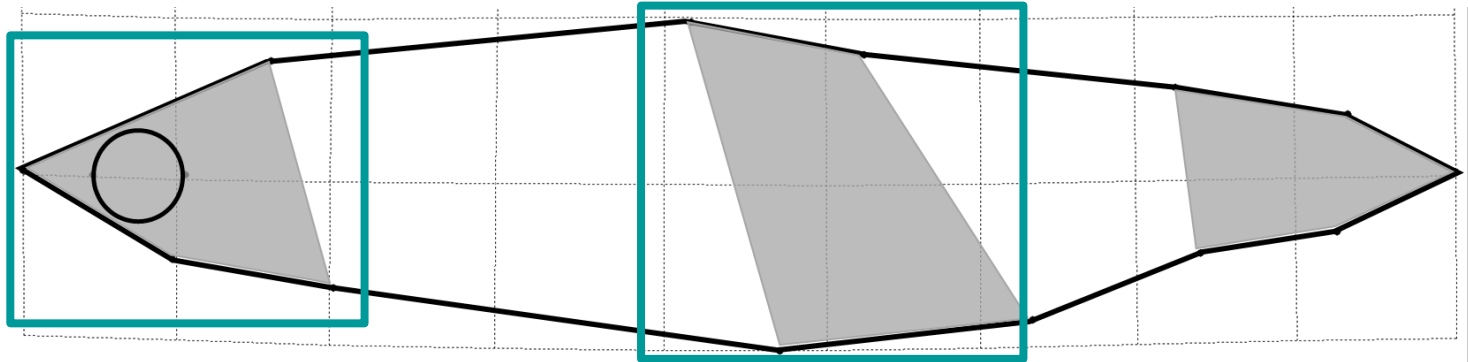
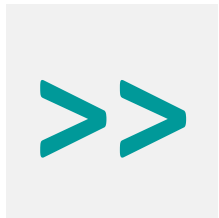
Phenotypic differences
expressed early in life



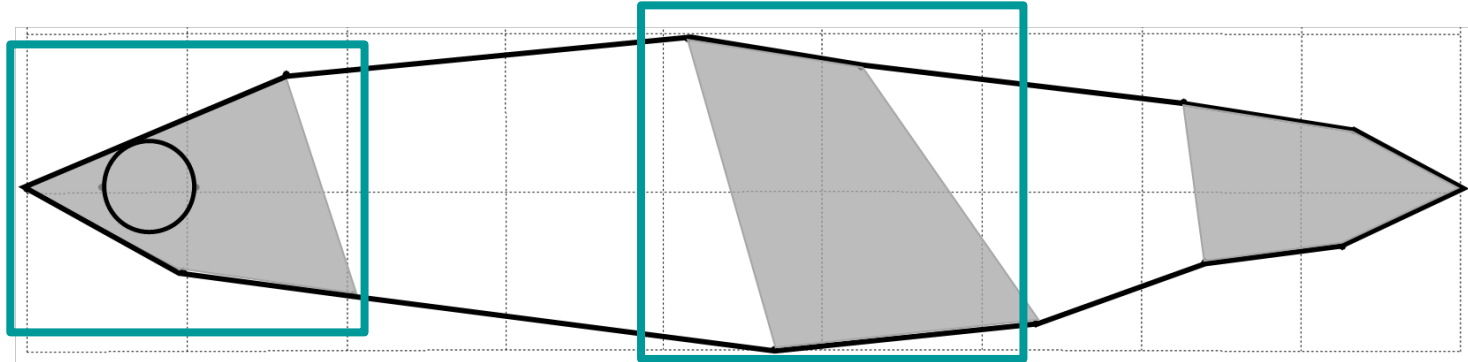
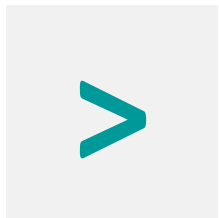
Different migrant life
histories expressed
later?

MORPHOLOGICAL COMPARISONS

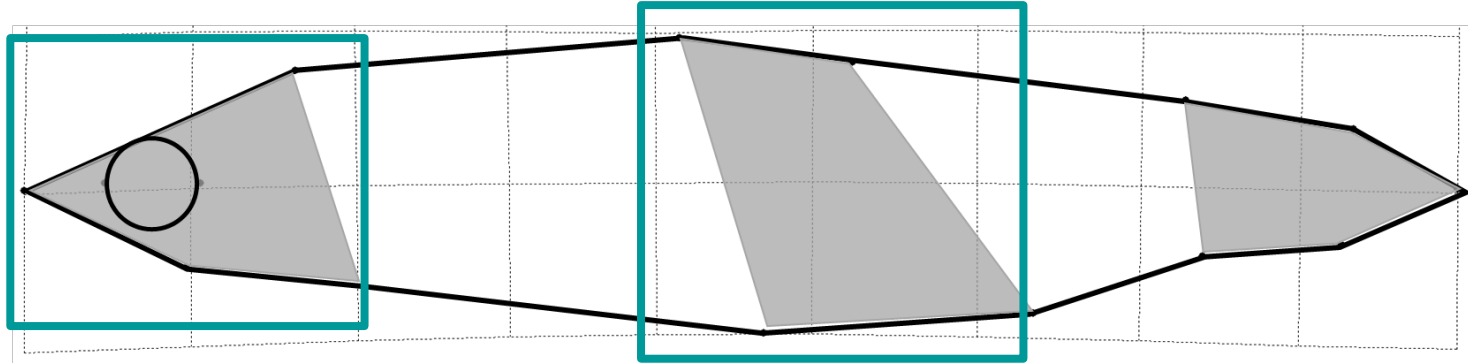
Hatchery



Surrogate

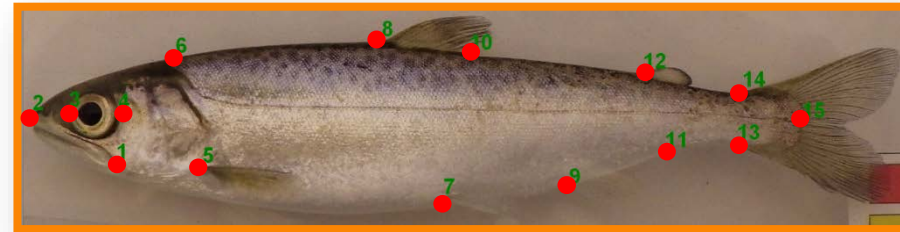


Wild

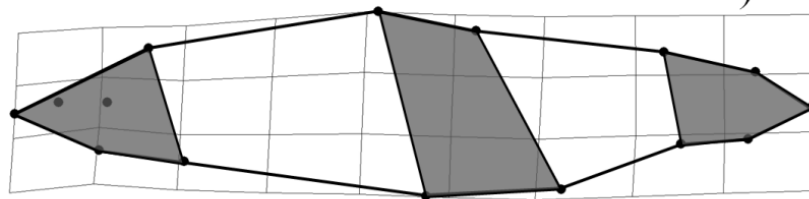


WILD MIGRANT MORPHOLOGY

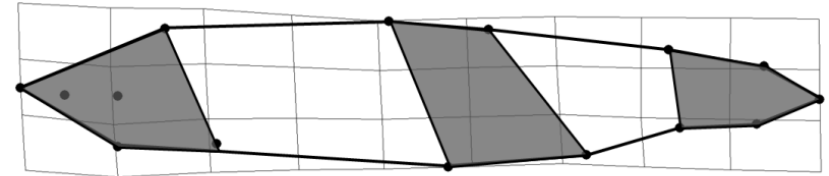
Landmark-based geometric morphometrics



a) Migrants

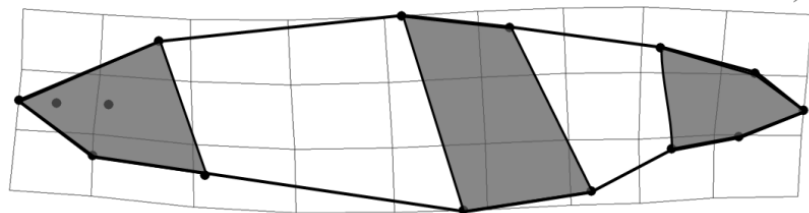


Fall migrant

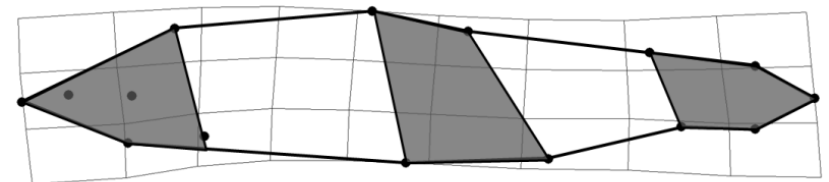


Spring migrant

b) Parr



Downstream



Upstream

FIN QUALITY - 2013 DATA

- Fin index is a measure of fin erosion

- = Fin length / fork length

